# Linking Sequences with Specimens

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Change region shown
Customize view
Analyze this sequence
Highlight Sequence Features Find in this Sequence
LinkOut to external resources ABGE Herbarium Catalogue E00198079
[Royal Botanic Garden Edinburgh]
RBGE Living Collection 20021433 [Royal Botanic Garden Edinburgh]
Related information
Protein
Taxonomy

n/Qualifiers	Recent activity
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ted_by="Adele Smith" This individual is cultivated as acc. No. 20021433	C txid473364[Organism:noexp] (1)
l Botanic Garden Edinburgh"	

# Distichochlamys sp. AS18 chloroplast matK gene for maturase K, complete cds

GenBank: AB553309.1

FASTA Graphics

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VERSION	AB553309.1 GI:308072161	
KEYWORDS	·	
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	Zingiberaceae; Distichochlamys.	RE
REFERENCE	1	
AUTHORS	Takano, A. and Nagamasu, H.	
TITLE	Monophyly of Myxochlamys (Zingiberaceae) is confirmed: Molecular	
	phylogenetic analysis	Ba
JOURNAL	Unpublished	Re
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 1542)	Re
AUTHORS	Takano,A. and Nagamasu,H.	Pr
TITLE	Direct Submission	Та
JOURNAL	Submitted (01-APR-2010) Contact:Atsuko Takano Museum of Nature and	Ia
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Accession: 20021433 - Distichochlamys by: Helen A. Yeats on 23/2/2011 Image 1 of 2



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PLoS One. 2012;7(9):e44271. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0044271. Epub 2012 Sep 12.

# Lesula: a new species of Cercopithecus monkey endemic to the Democratic Republic of Congo and implications for conservation of Congo's central basin.

Hart JA, Detwiler KM, Gilbert CC, Burrell AS, Fuller JL, Emetshu M, Hart TB, Vosper A, Sargis EJ, Tosi AJ.

Lukuru Wildlife Research Foundation, Kinshasa, Gombe, Democratic Republic of Congo; Division of Vertebrate Zoology, Yale Peabody Museum of Natural History, New Haven, Connecticut, United States of America.

### Abstract

In June 2007, a previously undescribed monkey known locally as "lesula" was found in the forests of the middle Lomami Basin in central Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). We describe this new species as Cercopithecus Iomamiensis sp. nov., and provide data on its distribution, morphology, genetics, ecology and behavior. C. Iomamiensis is restricted to the Iowland rain forests of central DRC between the middle Lomami and the upper Tshuapa Rivers. Morphological and molecular data confirm that C. Iomamiensis is distinct from its nearest congener, C. hamlyni, from which it is separated geographically by both the Congo (Lualaba) and the Lomami Rivers. C. Iomamiensis, like C. hamlyni, is semi-terrestrial with a diet containing terrestrial herbaceous vegetation. The discovery of C. Iomamiensis highlights the biogeographic significance and importance for conservation of central Congo's interfluvial TL2 region, defined from the upper Tshuapa River through the Lomami Basin to the Congo (Lualaba) River. The TL2 region has been found to contain a high diversity of anthropoid primates including three forms, in addition to C. Iomamiensis, that are endemic to the area. We recommend the common name, lesula, for this new species, as it is the vernacular name used over most of its known range.

PMID: 22984482 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE] PMCID: PMC3440422 Free PMC Article



- Publication Types, MeSH Terms
- LinkOut more resources

# **Cercopithecus Iomamiensis**

Taxonomy ID: 1191211 Genbank common name: lesula Inherited blast name: primates Rank: species Genetic code: Translation table 1 (Standard) Mitochondrial genetic code: Translation table 2 (Vertebrate Mitochondrial) Other names: synonym: Cercopithecus sp. ASB-2012 authority: Cercopithecus lomamiensis Hart et al. 2012 type material: YPM MAM 14189 type material: YPM MAM 14191 type material: YPM MAM 14192 type material: YPM MAM 14080 type material: YPM 14191 type material: YPM 14080 type material: YPM 14192 type material: YPM 14189

#### Lineage(full)

cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Opisthokonta; Metazoa; Eumetazoa; Bilateria; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Tetrapoda; Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Simiiformes; Catarrhini; Cercopithecoidea; Cercopithecidae; Cercopithecinae; Cercopithecus

### **Comments and References:**



## External Information Resources (NCBI LinkOut)

LinkOut	Subject	LinkOut Provider	
search Catalog of Life	taxonomy/phylogenetic	Catalog of Life	
search GBIF	taxonomy/phylogenetic	Global Biodiversity Information Facility	
Cercopithecus (guenon)	taxonomy/phylogenetic	Primate Fact Sheets	

Entrez re	ecords
Database name	Direct links
Nucleotide	<u>8</u>
Protein	<u>4</u>
Taxonomy	1

Nu	ıcleotide	Nucleotide 🛟	collection	n ypm mam	[prop]		
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□ 1.	Cercopithecus Iomai 4,688 bp linear DNA Accession: JN106060.1 GenBank FASTA G	GI: 387865320					
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2.	4,819 bp linear DNA Accession: JN106063.1 GenBank FASTA G	GI: 387865323	equences F	Full text in PM	C PubMed	Taxonom	Y
	Cercopithecus Iomai	miensis isolate ME	408 testis-	specific prot	ein (TSPY)	gene, par	tial cds
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□ 4.	Cercopithecus Iomar 2,237 bp linear DNA Accession: JN106055.1		609 testis-s	specific prot	ein (TSPY)	gene, par	tial cds
		0					

GenBank FASTA Graphics Related Sequences Full text in PMC Protein PubMed Taxonomy

Display Settings: 🖂 Summary, Sorted by Default order

# Cercopithecus Iomamiensis isolate ME408 X chromosome intergenic region genomic sequence

GenBank: JN106060.1

FASTA Graphics

LOCUS	JN106060 4688 bp DNA linear PRI 05-MAR-2013					
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VERSION	JN106060.1 GI:387865320					
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ORGANISM						
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	Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Catarrhini; Cercopithecidae; Cercopithecinae; Cercopithecus.					
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 4688)					
AUTHORS	Hart, J.A., Detwiler, K.M., Gilbert, C.C., Burrell, A.S., Fuller, J.L.,					
	Emetshu, M., Hart, T.B., Vosper, A., Sargis, E.J. and Tosi, A.J.					
TITLE	Lesula: A New Species of Cercopithecus Monkey Endemic to the					
	Democratic Republic of Congo and Implications for Conservation of					
	Congo's Central Basin					
JOURNAL	PLoS ONE 7 (9), E44271 (2012)					
PUBMED	22984482					
REMARK	Publication Status: Online-Only					
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 4688)					
AUTHORS	Hart, J.A., Detwiler, K.M., Gilbert, C.C., Burrell, A.S., Fuller, J.L.,					
	Emetshu, M., Hart, T.B., Vosper, A., Sargis, E.J. and Tosi, A.J.					
TITLE	Direct Submission					
JOURNAL	Submitted (10-JUN-2011) Department of Anthropology, New York University, 25 Waverly Place, New York, NY 10003, USA					
FEATURES	Location/Oualifiers					
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# YPM Mammalogy - Online Catalog



#### Items 1-1 of 1 matching items.

#### New Search

YPM MAM 014080	
Taxon Name Cercopithecus Iomamiensis J. Hart, Detwiler, Gilbert, Burrell, Fuller, Emetshu, T. Hart, Vosper, Sargis, and Tosi, 2012 - HOLOTYPE	
Locality Africa. Democratic Republic of Congo. Orientale Province. Tshopo District. Lohumonoko. shot. Elev. 470 m.	
LatLon	n=
Collected M. Emetshu. 12 Aug 2008.	
Higher Ranks Primates; Cercopithecidae	
Common Name Lesula	
Other Attributes TISSUE; SKIN; male male; adult adult; skin, flat (tissue sample at at New York University); skeleton (skull only); TYPE; SKELETON	

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Institution ID	281
Full institution name	Museum of Comparative Zoology, Harvard University
Institution code	MCZ
Also known as	
Country	USA
Address	26 Oxford Street Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138
Institution phone	617-495-3045
Institution fax	
Record source	
Institution web page	http://www.mcz.harvard.edu/
Url rule	
Comments	= MCZC
Collection type	museum
Qualifier type	specimen_voucher
Collection code	HERP A R I
Contact person name	Linda S. Ford
Contact person e-mail	Iford@oeb.harvard.edu
Contact person phone	(617) 495-3748
Contact person fax	(617) 495-5667
Contact comments	

Institution ID	281
Full institution name	Museum of Comparative Zoology, Harvard University
Institution code	MCZ
Also known as	
Country	USA
Address	26 Oxford Street Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138
Institution phone	617-495-3045
Institution fax	
Institution web page	http://www.mcz.harvard.edu/
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Collection url rule	http://mczbase.mcz.harvard.edu/guid/MCZ:Fish:
Contact person name	George V. Lauder
Contact person e-mail	glauder@oeb.harvard.edu
Contact person phone	617-496-9205
Contact person fax	
Contact comments	

# Etmopterus princeps voucher KU:IT:T3681 cytochrome oxidase subunit I (COI) gene, partial cds; mitochondrial

GenBank: FJ519565.1

FASTA Graphics

LOCUS	FJ519565 652 bp DNA linear VRT 03-APR-2013
DEFINITION	
	(COI) gene, partial cds; mitochondrial.
ACCESSION	FJ519565 FJ519565.1 GI:261875099
VERSION KEYWORDS	BARCODE.
SOURCE	mitochondrion Etmopterus princeps (great lanternshark)
	Etmopterus princeps
ONGANISH	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Chondrichthyes;
	Elasmobranchii; Squalimorphii; Squaliformes; Etmopteridae;
	Etmopterus.
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 652)
AUTHORS	Wong, E.H., Shivji, M.S. and Hanner, R.H.
TITLE	Identifying sharks with DNA barcodes: assessing the utility of a
	nucleotide diagnostic approach
JOURNAL	Mol Ecol Resour 9 (SUPPL S1), 243-256 (2009)
PUBMED	21564984
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 652)
AUTHORS	Wong, E.HK.
TITLE	Direct Submission
JOURNAL	Submitted (04-DEC-2008) Integrative Biology, University of Guelph,
	50 Stone Rd E, Guelph, Ontario N1G2W1, Canada
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# Hypoplectrus floridae voucher hecosur1 cytochrome oxidase subunit 1 (COI) gene, partial cds; mitochondrial

GenBank: JX444756.1

FASTA Graphics

LOCUS	JX444756 652 bp DNA linear VRT 03-APR-2013					
DEFINITION						
	1 (COI) gene, partial cds; mitochondrial.					
ACCESSION	JX444756					
VERSION	JX444756.1 GI:403488715					
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SOURCE	mitochondrion Hypoplectrus floridae					
ORGANISM	Hypoplectrus floridae					
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	Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Perciformes;					
	Percoidei; Serranidae; Serraninae; Hypoplectrus.					
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 652)					
AUTHORS	Victor, B.C.					
TITLE	Hypoplectrus floridae n. sp. and Hypoplectrus ecosur n. sp., two					
	new Barred Hamlets from the Gulf of Mexico (Pisces: Serranidae):					
	more than 3% different in COI mtDNA sequence from the Caribbean					
	Hypoplectrus species flock					
JOURNAL	J Ocean Sci Found 5, 1-19 (2012)					
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 652)					
AUTHORS	Victor, B.					
TITLE	Direct Submission					
JOURNAL	Submitted (01-AUG-2012) Biology, Ocean Science Foundation, 4051					
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	/country="USA"					

#### Hypoplectrus floridae, n. sp.

Figs. 1-5

Holotype. SIO 12-58 (1) 40.3 mm SL, SW Florida, off Everglades, Ten Thousand Islands (25.6°, -81.25°), July 14, 2011, SEAMAP surveys.

Paratypes. SIO 12-58 (3) 33.4–39.4 mm SL, same as holotype; SIO 12-59 (1) 33.7 mm SL, SW Florida, off Everglades, Ten Thousand Islands (25.7°, -81.34°), July 13, 2011, SEAMAP surveys.

**Diagnosis.** A hamlet with the usual color and patterns of the brown Barred Hamlet but with several distinguishing markings: a pair of dark rounded spots at the base of the caudal fin placed above and below the midline, usually symmetrical, present on all stages, including large adults; a break in the narrow mid-body bar (the fourth bar, after the wide mid-body bar) just above the lateral line, usually associated with well-delineated and unbroken bars to each side; frequently a short rearward spur at the top of the last body bar (the fifth bar, forward of the caudal-peduncle bar), usually outlining a light wedge just below the base of the last dorsal-fin rays. Characters not frequent on Caribbean Barred Hamlets, but typically associated with *H. floridae* (and *H. ecosur*) include the bar under the eye being orange, even when the body bars are brown, and a dusky pelvic fin.

**Description.** Body wide and broadly oval, maximum body depth just behind operculum 38–42 (42)% SL (range of paratypes (holotype)), and compressed, side-to-side width 12–15 (13)% SL (measured just forward of pectoralfin base); predorsal length 38–42 (42)% SL; preanal length 65–71 (67)% SL; prepelvic length 36–41 (40)% SL; caudal peduncle depth 14–15 (15)% SL, caudal peduncle length (dorsal) 7–10 (8)% SL; lateral line complete, curving in a high arch over pectoral fin becoming straight on caudal peduncle.

Head large 41–43 (41)% SL; dorsal head profile smooth and mostly straight, rising sharply from terminal tip of jaw to dorsal-fin origin; maximum head depth (measured at the rear end of the operculum) 37–41 (42)% SL; eyes large and round, orbit diameter 26–29 (28)% HL, pupil pear-shaped, pointing forward; interorbital space flat and relatively narrow, minimum width 13–15 (14)% HL; snout sharply pointed and short 23–30 (29)% HL; upper preopercular margin tilted slightly forward of vertical with a rounded angle to lower limb, small regular straight serrations on both limbs, longest at angle, about 22–33 in total; opercle with three flat spines, the middle largest and at the level of the lower third of eye. Anterior nostril a short tube, posterior nostril a flat opening with a diameter about half internarial distance.



Figure 1. Hypoplectrus floridae, holotype, SIO 12-58, 40.3 mm SL, Florida, Ten Thousand Islands.

# Hypoplectrus floridae

Taxonomy ID: 1230408 Inherited blast name: bony fishes Rank: species Genetic code: Translation table 1 (Standard) Mitochondrial genetic code: Translation table 2 (Vertebrate Mitochondrial) Other names: authority: Hypoplectrus floridae Victor, 2012

type material: SIO 12-58 (lot) type material: hecosur1

equivalent name: Hypoplectrus sp. BV-2012

## <u>Lineage(</u> abbreviated )

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei; Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Perciformes; Percoidei; Serranidae; Serraninae; Hypoplectrus

## **Comments and References:**

Victor (unpublished, 2012) Victor,B. "A new hamlet from the Gulf of Mexico (Perciformes:Serranidae:Hypoplectrus)" Unpublished (as of 6 Sep 2012)

# Victor (2012)

Victor,B.C. (2012) "Hypoplectrus floridae n. sp. and Hypoplectrus ecosur n. sp., two new Barred Hamlets from the Gulf of Mexico (Pisces: Serranidae): more than 3% different in COI mtDNA sequence from the Caribbean Hypoplectrus species flock" Journal of the Ocean Science Foundation 5: 1-19

External	Information	Resources	(NCBI LinkO	ut)

LinkOut	Subject	LinkOut Provider
search Catalog of Life	taxonomy/phylogenetic	Catalog of Life
search GBIF	taxonomy/phylogenetic	Global Biodiversity Information Facility

Entrez records				
Database name	Direct links			
Nucleotide	<u>5</u>			
Protein	<u>5</u>			
Taxonomy	1			